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AD-A154 424

MERRIMACK RIVER BASIN HUDSON, MASSACHUSETTS

WASHINGTON STREET DAM MA 00447

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASS. 02154

MAY 1979

UNCLASSIFIED

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTA	READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM	
I. REPORT NUMBER	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO.	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
MA 00447		
TITLE (and Subtitle)		S. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED
Washington Street Dam		INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL PROGRAM FOR INSPECTIO	N OF NON-FEDERAL	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
7. AUTHOR(+)		B. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(+)
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS NEW ENGLAND DIVISION		
PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND A	DDRESS	10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
1. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRE DEPT. OF THE ARMY, CORPS OF EN		12. REPORT DATE May 1979
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, NEDED		13. NUMBER OF PAGES
424 TRAPELO ROAD, WALTHAM, MA.		. 60
4. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(different from Controlling Office)	18. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
		UNCLASSIFIED
		184. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING

6. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)

APPROVAL FOR PUBLIC RELEASE: DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED

17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Black 20, if different from Report)

18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

Cover program reads: Phase I Inspection Report, National Dam Inspection Program; however, the official title of the program is: National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams; use cover date for date of report.

19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

DAMS, INSPECTION, DAM SAFETY,

Merrimack River Basin Hudson, Massachusetts Assabet River

20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block mamber)

The dam consists of a stone masonry spillway 67 feet long and 8 feet high with 15 feet high masonry walls and embankments on each side. The dam is in poor condition. The dam is intermediate in size and has a hazard potential of significant. Investigations are recommended to determine the structural stability of the spillway and to determine the present condition of the former sluiceway.

WASHINGTON STREET DAM MA 00447

MERRIMACK RIVER BASIN HUDSON, MASSACHUSETTS

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

Identification No.: MA 00447

Name of Dam: WASHINGTON STREET DAM

Town: HUDSON

County and State: MIDDLESEX, MASSACHUSETTS

Stream: ASSABET RIVER

Date of Inspection: 8 November 1978

BRIEF ASSESSMENT

Washington Street Dam consists of a stone masonry spillway 67 feet long and 8 feet high with 15 feet high masonry walls and embankments on each side. The original length of the dam is unknown due to development on each side of the spillway. The dam, which reportedly was constructed in the 1860's, impounds the waters of the Assabet River in the Town of Hudson, Mass. The dam was originally constructed to supply water to an adjacent mill. An outlet works which contains a single gate is present at the left abutment of the spillway.

The dam is in poor condition. A number of pressure leaks are present near the bottom of the spillway on the left side. There is a bulge in the face of the spillway in the same area. There are indications that local areas may have settled behind the right downstream channel wall.

Based on the size classification, intermediate, and hazard classification, significant, in accordance with Corps of Engineer Guidelines, the spillway test flood is the 1/2 Probable Maximum Flood (1/2 PMF). Hydraulic analysis indicates that the spillway can safely pass the test flood of 3,790 cfs with a reservoir stage approximately 0.1 feet below the top of dam. Maximum spillway capacity was estimated to be 3,820 cfs.

Investigations are recommended to determine the structural stability of the spillway and to determine the present condition of the former sluiceway. The plugging of leaks in the spillway and the repair of leaks at the outlet gate should be performed with the investigations. Remedial measures recommended for this facility include the removal and patching of deteriorated concrete at the outlet works, the removal of vegetation and/or debris from the channel walls and spillway crest and the repair of a concrete joint in the left downstream channel wall. The Owner should develop a formal maintenance program, operational procedure, emergency procedures plan and institute a program of annual technical inspections. The remedial measures and recommendations should be performed within 1 year of receipt of this report by the Owner. Until the repairs to the spillway have been accomplished, the dam should be kept under surveillance during periods of high precipitation and high reservoir levels.

Camp Dresser & McKee Inc.

Roger H. Wood Vice President

Koges W. Ubox

ROGER
H.
WOOD
No. 12757
OF GISTER

This Phase I Inspection Report on Washington Street Dam has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, and with good engineering judgment and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

CHARLES G. TIERSCH, Chairman Chief, Foundation and Materials Branch Engineering Division

FRED J. RAVENS, Jr., Member Chief, Design Branch Engineering Division

SAUL COOPER, Member Chief, Water Control Branch Engineering Division

APPROVAL RECOMMENDED:

JOE B. FRYAR Chief, Engineering Division

PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I Investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

Phase I Investigations are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the test flood is based on the estimated "probable maximum flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or a fraction thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aide in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

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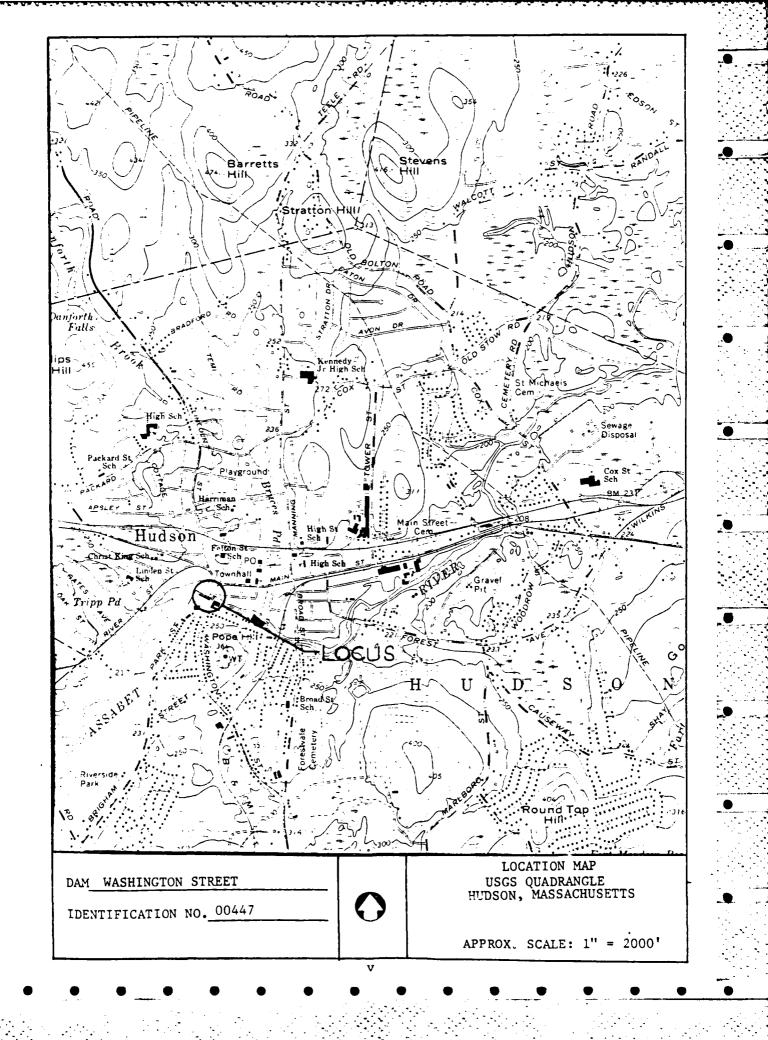
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1. Overview of Dam from Washington St. Bridge.



NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT WASHINGTON STREET DAM MA 00447

SECION 1: PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General

a. Authority - Public Law 92-367, 8 August 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a national program of dam inspection throughout the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Region.

Camp Dresser & McKee Inc. has been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the State of Massachusetts. Authorization and notice to proceed was issued to Camp Dresser & McKee Inc. under letters of 12 July 1978 and 23 October 1978 from Colonel John P. Chandler, Corps of Engineers. Contract No. DACW 33-78-C-0354 has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers for this work. Haley and Aldrich, Inc. has been retained by Camp Dresser & McKee Inc. for the soils and geological portions of the work.

- b. Purpose The primary purpose of the investigation is to:
 - (1) Perform technical inspection and evaluation of non-Federal dams to identify conditions which threaten the public safety and thus permit correction in a timely manner by non-Federal interests.
 - (2) Encourage and assist the States to initiate quickly effective dam safety programs for non-Federal dams.
 - (3) Update, verify and complete the National Inventory of Dams.

1.2 <u>Description of Project</u>

a. <u>Location</u> - The Washington Street Dam (sometimes called Mill Dam) is located on the Assabet River in the downtown section of the Town of Hudson, Massachusetts, approximately 25 feet upstream of the Washington Street bridge. Access to the dam is directly off of Washington Street.

b. Description of Dam and Appurtenances - The actual length of the constructed dam is unknown. Evidence of the original embankment areas have been hidden by the property development on each side of the spillway and the construction of the road and bridge immediately downstream of the spillway. Due to the presence of blocked-off openings in the right downstream channel wall, it is assumed that sluiceways were present to the right of the present spillway. The remaining portion of the dam, that which must be considered the present dam, has a length of 67 feet of which 61 feet is spillway and 6 feet is the outlet works. The height of the present dam is approximately 15 feet with the spillway crest elevation being 7 feet below dam crest.

The downstream face of the spillway is vertical while the upstream face is sloped approximately 3 horizontal to 1 vertical. Principal construction of the spillway is stone masonry with mortared joints. The right abutment is of the same construction and serves as the foundation wall of a hardware building which was formerly a mill. The structure is understood to have no basement. Openings in this wall were blocked off with concrete after the flood of August 1955.

The left side of the spillway contains a 6 foot by 8 foot concrete outlet structure. A 3 foot by 4 foot wood sluice gate is located in this structure. The invert of the sluice gate is approximately 1 foot above the downstream elevation of the spillway. The operating controls are located on top of the outlet structure.

The left abutment, training wall and downstream channel wall is a concrete retaining wall. The top of the wall is approximately 7 feet above the spillway crest elevation and 2 feet above the outlet structure. The area to the left of the abutment has a ground elevation which is fairly flat, extending to a service station approximately 50 feet away.

- c. Size Classification The height of the dam is approximately 15 feet and the estimated total storage capacity at the top of the dam is 1,570 acre-feet. According to guidelines established by the Corps of Engineers, the dam is classified in the intermediate category based on the storage capacity.
- d. Hazard Classification The dam failure analysis indicates a potential for some loss of life in addition to appreciable economic loss. Downstream of the dam, several business and residential structures would be in the path of the suddenly rising water. The proximity of the residential structures to the Assabet River indicate a possible loss of life. Economic losses would result from the flooding of businesses located immediately downstream. Therefore, the Washington Street Dam is classified as having a significant hazard potential.

- e. Ownership The dam is presently owned by the Hudson Light and Power Department, of the Town of Hudson, MA. Mr. H. Huehmer of the Light and Power Department, 44 Forest Ave., Hudson, MA. 01749, is the owners' representative.
- f. Operator Mr. Julian Dubois, Distribution Supervisor for Hudson Light and Power Company, Hudson, MA., Tel. 617-568-8736 is the owners' operator.
- g. Purpose of the Dam The Washington Street Dam, at one time, supplied water to an old mill on the spillway right abutment. At this time, there is no known purpose for the dam, other than for aesthetic reasons.
- h. Design and Construction History The dam was constructed in the 1860's. In 1958, work was done on the Washington Street bridge and brige abutments in the close vicinity of the dams' side walls.
- i. <u>Normal Operational Procedures</u> There are no operational procedures currently in effect for this structure.

1.3 Pertinent Data

Elevations given in this report are on National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) formerly referred to as Mean Sea Level (MSL). The elevation assigned to the spillway crest was taken from Massachusetts Geodetic Survey High Water Data Flood of March 1936 in Massachusetts.

- a. Drainage Area The dam impounds waters of the Assabet River in the Town of Hudson, Massachusetts. The watershed above the dam is 63.7 square miles. The reservoir occupies a negligible percentage of the total drainage area. The watershed is very flat, with extensive reaches of swamp and marsh areas. The remaining portions of the watershed are forested rolling terrain with very light development.
- b. Discharge at Dam Site Although there is no recorded information for discharge at the dam site, information is available concerning water surface elevations of the pond upstream of the dam during periods of high flow. Peak water surface elevations occurred in November 1927, March 1936, August 1955, October 1962 and March 1968. Based upon the spillway configuration and recorded water surface elevations, the discharge for the August 1955 flood was approximately 3000 cfs. This flood is generally considered the flood of record for the Assabet River.
 - (1) Outlet Works 3 ft by 4 ft sluice gate at approximate invert elev. 199.4.

	(2)	The maximum known discharge occurred in August 1955, and is estimated to have been $3,000\ \text{cfs}$.
	(3)	Ungated spillway capacity at top of dam abutment is 3,820 cfs at elev. 212.7.
	(4)	Ungated spillway capacity at test flood discharge is 3,790 cfs at elev. 212.6.
	(5)	Gated spillway capacity at normal pool elevationN/A
	(6)	Gated spillway capacity at test flood elevationN/A
	(7)	Total spillway capacity at test flood elevation is 3,790 cfs at elev. 212.6.
	(8)	Total project discharge at test flood elevation is 3,790 cfs at elev. 212.6.
c.	Elev	ation (NGYD)
	(1)	Streambed at centerline of dam197.7
	(2)	Test flood tailwater208.0
	(3)	Normal pool205.7
	(4)	Spillway crest205.7
	(5)	Original spillway design surchargeUnknown
	(6)	Top of dam (abutment)212.7
	(7)	Test flood design surcharge212.6
d.	Rese	<u>rvoir</u>
	(1)	Length of test flood pool3220 ft (Est.)
	(2)	Length of normal pool2170 ft (Est.)
e.	Stor	age (acre-feet)
	(1)	Normal pool100
	(2)	Top of dam (abutment)1570
	(3)	Test flood pool1540

τ.	Kese	ervoir Surface (acres)
	(1)	Normal pool55
	(2)	Spillway crest55
	(3)	Test flood pool363
	(4)	Top of dam (abutment)365
g.	<u>Dam</u>	(See also Spillway Data)
	(1)	TypeStone masonry spillway with probable adjacent embankments
	(2)	Length67 ft plus
	(3)	Height15 ft
	(4)	Top widthUnknown
	(5)	Side slopesD/S Vertical
	(6)	ZoningUnknown
	(7)	Impervious coreUnknown
	(8)	CutoffUnknown
	(9)	Grout curtainProbably none
h.	<u>Di ve</u>	rsion and Regulating TunnelNone
i.	<u>Spil</u>	lway
	(1)	TypeBroad crested stone masonry
	(2)	Length of weir61.0 ft
	(3)	Crest elevation205.7
	(4)	Gates3 foot by 4 foot sluice gate
	(5)	U/S ChammelAssabet River
	(6)	D/S Channel3 arch culverts under Washington Street each 18 feet in diameter
j.	the oper	lating Outlet - There is a 3 foot by 4 foot sluice gate on left side of the spillway. Reportedly the gate is in poor ational condition. A backhoe will usually be used to seat gate after being operated.

SECTION 2: ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 Design

There are no known design records for the dam.

2.2 Construction

No records of the original construction were located.

2.3 Operation

There are no known operational records other than County and State inspection reports.

2.4 Evaluation

- a. Availability There are no known records on the dam except for County and State inspection reports.
- b. Validity No data was located for the dam.
- c. Adequacy In the absence of engineering data on the dam, the evaluation for this investigation must be based on the visual examination.

SECTION 3: VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings

a. General - The Phase I Visual Examination of the Washington Street Dam was conducted on 8 November 1978.

The dam was observed to be in poor condition based on observed pressure leaks present at the spillway and probable loss of fill material in the abandoned sluiceway. In addition, the outlet works gate is believed to be only marginally operable.

Visual inspection checklists for the site visit are included in Appendix A and selected photographs are given in Appendix C.

b. Dam - The dam, due to adjacent development of the area, is basically a stone masonry spillway between a stone masonry channel wall on the right side and a concrete channel wall on the left side. An outlet works structure is present between the spillway weir and the left channel wall. Debris is present along the spillway crest. The left half of the spillway contains 18 or more pressure leaks near the base of the structure. They are clearly visible from the downstream bridge. The face of the spillway appears to be bulging downstream in the area of the leaks.

While the dam presently has no discernable earth embankments as such, the fill materials behind each masonry abutment wall also serve to retain the water stored by the dam. There is no visual evidence of wall or backfill settlement or lateral movement, or major seepage, but there is some question as to the present condition of the former sluiceway around the right abutment of the dam.

There is a sag in the northeast corner of the hardware store floor and a large bituminous concrete patch in the sidewalk in front as shown in Photo 11. These conditions, in conjunction with the possible incomplete closure of the water level opening in the channel wall below the dam, as shown in Photo 10, may indicate either loss or consolidation of existing sluiceway fill. A loss of material into the channel would be concealed by the river flow.

c. Appurtenant Structures

(1) Approach Channel - The approach channel is formed by two walls extending about 120 feet upstream of the spillway weir. The right wall is a grouted stone masonry wall. It

was a part of the foundation of a mill building but now is part of a hardware store foundation. The openings for the former sluiceways of the mill have been plugged with concrete. Brush is growing in the joints of this wall. The left wall near the spillway is of concrete construction and is in good condition. The remaining portion of the wall is grouted stone masonry which is in good structural condition but has a heavy vine growth.

- (2) Outlet Works The 3.0 foot by 4.0 foot slide gate in the outlet structure is leaking around the edges and top.

 There is also a small leak developing through the slide gate in the upper left hand corner. The concrete at the spillway side of the structure has badly spalled and erosion is taking place at the crest level. A crack is present in the concrete on the downstream face of the structure.
- Discharge Channel The left wall is a concrete retaining (3) wall about 15 feet high matching into the grouted stone abutment of the bridge on Washington Street. The wall has three weep holes about 5 feet above the wall footing with the two closest to the dam leaking water. The concrete below the weep holes is badly stained. More water and staining was observed at the bottom of the vertical joints in the concrete wall. Although seepage was observed, soil particles were not evident in the seepage flow. The second joint downstream from the dam appears to be an expansion joint with joint filler either missing or badly disintegrated. A piece of concrete has broken off from the top of the downstream face of the expansion joint. There is an exposed 3 foot high by 8.5 foot wall footing visible just below the water surface. There was an indication that slight movement has taken place at the top of the wall.

The right wall is of the same construction and condition as the right approach channel wall except that a sluiceway opening at the bottom of the wall has been sealed with precast concrete rather than cast in place concrete. It appears that the downstream edge of the closure slab is being supported by reinforcing bars grouted into the joint of the stone masonry.

During the inspection of the dam, a heavy smell of gasoline could be detected and a petroleum product could be seen floating in the water under the bridge. The amount observed was much greater than one would expect from normal roadway discharge.

d. <u>Reservoir Area</u> - There is a slight increase in the width of the river channel upstream of the Washington Street Dam. Development is sparse with a few dwellings and businesses immediately upstream of the dam. Relatively minor flooding with no appreciable damage to structures would occur upstream of the dam at test flood elevation. No significant potential was observed for landslides into the general pool area of the dam which would create waves that might overtop the abutments of the dam. No conditions were noted that would result in a sudden increase in sediment load into the upstream pool.

e. <u>Downstream Channel</u> - Immediately downstream of the Washington Street Dam, flow must pass under Washington Street (Route 85). The bridge consists of three arch-type openings, each approximately 18 feet in diameter and approximately 50 feet in length. Downstream of Washington Street, on the right bank, is a brick and concrete structure constructed on the river bank.

There are approximately 4 residential structures located further downstream on the left bank, set back somewhat from the normal river edge.

Extensive shrubbery exists on and alongside both banks. Elevations rise somewhat sharply on the right bank, while the elevations on the left bank are much flatter. Approximately 1,300 feet downstream of the dam, is the Houghton Street Bridge. The bridge consists of three rectangular openings, each 24 feet wide and 7 feet high. Average slope of the river bed between Washington Street and Houghton Street is .0017.

3.2 Evaluation

Based on the visual examination during the site visit on 8 November 1978, the dam was found to be in poor condition due to the observed line of leaks at the bottom of the spillway and the apparent bulging of a portion of the spillway face. Other deficiencies noted during the examination included brush and vine growth on the walls, deterioration of concrete at the outlet structure, leaks at the outlet works gate and seepage at the downstream walls. The pressure leaks in the spillway, the bulging of the spillway face and the indicated slight movement of the left downstream channel wall are all conditions that could affect the stability of the structure. The pressure leaks and bulging will be further discussed in Section 6. The indicated movement of the downstream channel wall is so slight that it is not of immediate concern.

The abutment-area fills at the Washington Street Dam appear to be performing adequately at the present time, but the uncertain condition of the apparent former sluiceway around the right abutment offers some potential for uncontrolled water flow past the dam.

SECTION 4: OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

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- 4.1 <u>Procedures</u> In general, there is no established routine for the operation of the dam.
- 4.2 <u>Maintenance of Dam</u> There is no established formal procedure for the maintenance of the dam.
- 4.3 <u>Maintenance of Operating Facilities</u> There is no formal procedure for maintenance of operating facilities.
- 4.4 <u>Description of any Warning System in Effect</u> There is no established warning system or emergency preparedness plan in effect for the dam.
- 4.5 Evaluation There is no formal operational procedures in effect for the dam. Operational procedures, maintenance programs, warning systems and an emergency preparedness plan should be established for the dam. Periodic maintenance should be performed to insure the gate is operational and to minimize deterioration of the structure.

SECTION 5: HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC

5.1 Evaluation of Features

- River in the downtown section of the Town of Hudson, MA. approximately 25 feet upstream of Washington Street. The dam is a stone masonry structure having a maximum height of approximately 15 feet and a total length of 67 feet. The spillway is 61 feet in length and rises approximately 8 feet above the downstream river bed. The dam creates an impoundment of 55 acres and an estimated total storage capacity of approximately 100 acre-feet, at its spillway crest elevation of 205.7. The pool at the top of dam (approx. elev. 212.7) comprises 365 acres and an estimated total storage capacity of 1,570 acre-feet. The upstream pool is reported to be heavily silted and the project is basically a run of the river type with minimal upstream surchargestorage.
- b. <u>Design Data</u> There are no plans or records available concerning design data or construction details for this dam. All hydraulic and hydrologic criteria used in this report were developed by utilizing the U.S.G.S. quadrang's maps, flood records, and other data gathered for this investigation.
- c. Experience Data Significant flooding has occurred on the Assabet River in November 1927, March 1936, August 1955, October 1962, and March 1968. The flood in 1955 is, according to the Corps of Engineers' Flood Plain Information Report, the flood of record for the Assabet River. The estimated flow over the Washington Street dam was approximately 3,600 cfs and reached an elevation of 212.4. The second greatest flood occurred in March, 1936. Estimated peak flow for this flood was 3,000 cfs and the maximum water surface was approximately 211.6.
- d. Visual Observation At the time of the inspection of the dam on 8 November 1978, the water surface over the crest of the spill-way was approximately 2-3 inches, with a flow estimated at 20 cfs. The spillway appeared to be in good hydraulic condition. There is a 3 foot by 4 foot sluice gate located on the left side of the spillway. This gate was in the closed position at the time of the inspection, but it has been reported that it is marginally operable should the need arise to drain the pond upstream of the dam. The sluice gate control is located on a 6 by 8 foot concrete structure 5 feet above the spillway crest. There is evidence that at some time in the past, a sluiceway existed in the basement of the building on the right abutment. The entrance and exitway for the sluiceway appears to have been blocked.

Approximately 25 feet downstream from the dam, flow must pass under the Washington Street bridge. This bridge has three archtype openings and appears to be in good condition. Downstream of Washington Street, there is a building on the right bank of the Assabet River. The left bank has little development with small areas of vegetation growing in the river bed.

- Test Flood Analysis Based upon Corps of Engineers Guidelines, the recommended test flood for the size (Intermediate) and hazard potential (Significant) is within the range of 1/2 PMF to full PMF (Probable Maximum Flood). The size classification, based on the storage capacity of the dam, barely exceeds the "small" category. For this reason, the test flood selected was the 1/2 PMF. The 1/2 PMF was determined using the guideline curves as presented by the New England Division of the Corps in "Estimating Maximum Probable Discharges" for the Phase I, Dam Safety Investigations". The watershed for the Assabet River is very flat, with extensive swampy areas. Because of these characteristics, an inflow of 4,150 cfs was adopted which is slightly less than the recommended value for flat and coastal terrain. Surcharge-storage routing of the 1/2 PMF inflow through the ponding area upstream of the dam resulted in a 1/2 PMP outflow of approximately 3,940 cfs. In 1966, the New England Division of the Corps of Engineers published a Flood Plain Information report for the Assabet River. The Standard Project Flood (SPF) developed for this report was approximately 5.320 cfs at the Maynard Gage which is on the Assabet River approximately 10.5 miles downstream of the Washington Street Dam with a drainage area of 116 square miles. Using the drainage area relationships, the SPF at the Washington Street Dam would be approximately 3,790 cfs. According to published data, the SPF by definition, is approximately equal to 1/2 the PMF. For the purposes of this report, the peak flow for the test flood will be 3,790 cfs. This will result in a peak water level above the dam of approximately Elev. 212.6. The spillway is considered to be just adequate to pass the test flood.
- f. Dam Failure Analysis Based on Corps of Engineers Guidelines for Estimating Dam Failure hydrographs and assuming that the breach width would be 40 percent of the dam, with the water level at the top of the spillway abutments (Elev. 212.7), the failure would result in a peak outflow rate of 4640 cfs. This flow will result in moderate flooding downstream of Washington Street, especially on the left bank. The constriction of Washington Street bridge and two other bridges downstream will cause some backwater effect. Due to some storage between Washington and Houghton streets, and between Houghton and Broad streets, the peak flows will be reduced to 4,355 cfs and 4,275 cfs, respectively.

The above dam failure analysis is based on the assumption that failure would occur during a full spillway discharge of approximately 3,820 cfs. The increase of flow, due to the dam failing, would amount to approximately 4,640 cfs. It is recognized that just prior to the dam failing, a general condition of flooding would already be occurring downstream. The increase in water surface downstream would be approximately 1 foot. This may or may not present any additional hazard beyond that already existing, due to the high spillway discharge. However, it is recognized that should the dam fail at some point in time when the spillway discharge is somewhat less than maximum, the increase in flow resulting from a failure would be such as to have a significant effect on economic losses and would increase the potential for loss of life to the inhabitants of approximately 4 homes located on the left downstream bank. The Washington Street Bridge would not be overtopped as a result of an increase in flow due to a dam failure

SECTION 6: STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 Evaluation of Structural Stability

- a. Visual Observation The multi-pressure leaks at the bottom of the spillway and the apparent bulging of a portion of the face of the spillway indicate questionable structural stability of the left half of the spillway. The presence of seepage from the sealed abandoned sluiceway together with the observed evidence of settlement behind the channel right side wall place this wall in question. Although evidence of slight past movement at the top of the left downstream wall is present, the indicated movement is so slight it should not be considered evidence of structural instability at this time.
- b. <u>Design and Construction Data</u> There are no known design and construction data on the dam thus precluding a theoretical analysis of structural stability.
- c. Operating Records Inspection reports indicate the pressure leaks at the bottom of the spillway have been in existence for at least ten years. This coupled with the present condition of the dam indicates that the dam has inherent stability but it is deteriorating.
- d. Post-Construction Changes Without design or "as-built" drawings, the extent of post-construction changes is not known. The existence of the concrete outlet works and the concrete portion of the left side wall as compared to the stone masonry in other areas indicates these structures were constructed at a later date. The sealed outlets on the right side wall indicate that the area to the right of the spillway has been modified since the original construction.
- e. <u>Seismic Stability</u> The dam is located in Seismic Zone No. 2 and, in accordance with recommended Phase I guidelines, does not warrant seismic analysis.

SECTION 7: ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 Dam Assessment

- a. Condition The visual examination of the Washington Street
 Bridge Dam did not reveal any evidence of conditions which would
 warrant emergency remedial treatment. However, the presence of
 pressure leaks in the spillway and the face bulge in the spillway cause this project to be considered in poor condition. There
 is need for maintenance and additional investigation that are
 outlined hereinafter.
- b. Adequacy of Information All of the information for the Phase I Investigation had to be obtained from the visual examination, limited field measurements and previous inspection reports. While this information has been sufficient for the purpose of this investigation, it does not permit a detailed evaluation of stability and seepage.
- c. <u>Urgency</u> The recommended additional investigations and remedial measures outlined in Sections 7.2 and 7.3, respectively, should be undertaken within one year of receipt of this report by the Owner.
- d. <u>Need for Additional Investigations</u> Additional investigations should be performed by the Owner as outlined in the following section.

7.2 Recommendations

The Owner should engage the services of a qualified registered professional engineer to perform the following investigations:

- 1. An investigation of the structural stability of the spillway. The investigation should be based on detailed measurements of the spillway, an inspection of the damage to the downstream face of the spillway, and a sampling of the materials of construction by core borings. The investigation should include the dewatering of the pool at which time the upstream face of the spillway should be inspected, the joints in the stone work mortared to reduce leakage, and the outlet gate repaired and made operational under the direction of a professional engineer.
- 2. An investigation to determine the location, original construction and present condition of the former sluiceway around the right abutment, in order to establish whether or not it presents any hazard to the safety of the dam. The investigation should include further research into historical records, and examination of any crawl spaces under the building and the water level opening below the dam. If a potential hazard does exist, corrective measures should be developed.

7.3 Remedial Measures

- a. Operation and Maintenance Procedures It is recommended that the following operation and maintenance procedures be adopted by the Owner to correct deficiencies noted during the visual examination:
 - (1) Remove deteriorated concrete on the outlet works structure and patch with mortar, including all spalled areas. Repair the cracks with epoxy.
 - (2) Remove vegetation from the training and channel walls and clear debris from the spillway crest.
 - (3) Repair the sealant and concrete at the second wall joint downstream of the dam on the left side.
 - (4) Develop a formal maintenance program, operational procedure, emergency procedures plan and warning system in cooperation with downstream officials.
 - (5) Due to the condition of the spillway and the right abutment, the dam should be kept under surveillance during periods of high precipitation and high reservoir levels.
 - (6) Institute a program of annual technical inspections.
- 7.4 <u>Alternatives</u> An alternative to the recommendations and remedial measures would be to breach the dam. The environmental impact of breaching the dam should be investigated before taking this action.

APPENDIX A

INSPECTION TEAM ORGANIZATION AND CHECKLIST

	Page No.
VISUAL INSPECTION PARTY ORGANIZATION	A-1
VISUAL INSPECTION CHECK LIST	
Dam Embankment, Main Dam	A-2
Spillway	A-3
Spillway (cont'd)	A-4
Outlet Works	A-5

VISUAL INSPECTION PARTY ORGANIZATION NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

DAM: Washington Street Bridge Dam
DATE: November 8, 1978
TIME: 8:30 a.m.
WEATHER: 50° F - Overcast - Drizzle
WATER SURFACE ELEVATION UPSTREAM: 2" over weir crest
STREAM FLOW: 15 cfs
INSPECTION PARTY:
1. Robert P. Howard - CDM - Structural/Operations
2. Francis E. Luttazi - CDM - Structural/Operations (Ass't)
3. Charles E. Fuller - CDM - Hydraulic/Hydrology
4. Joseph E. Downing - CDM - Hydraulic/Hydrology (Ass't)
5. Peter L. LeCount - Haley & Aldrich - Soils
6
PRESENT DURING INSPECTION:
1
2
3
4

DATE: 8 November 1978 DAM: Washington St. Br., Hudson **EMBANKMENT:** CONDITION CHECK LIST 1. Upstream Slope Note: Dam has substantially no earth a. Vegetation embankments. Stone masonry and/or b. Sloughing or Erosion concrete walls on each side support c. Rock Slope Protection adjacent-area fill & confine flow. Riprap Failures Condition notations below apply to d. Animal Burrows abutment areas, as applicable: 2. Crest a. Vegetation a. N/A b. Sloughing or Erosion b. N/A c. Surface cracks c. Stone masonry walls in reasonably d. Movement or Settlement good condition. d. N/A 3. Downstream Slope a. Vegetation b. Sloughing or Erosion a. N/A c. Surface cracks b. N/A d. Animal Burrows c. N/A e. Movement or Cracking near d. Apparent past settlement of bldg. toe floor & pav't on rt. side over old f. Unusual Embankment or sluiceway. Downstream Seepage g. Piping or Boils h. Foundation Drainage Features a. N/A i. Toe Drains b. N/A c. N/A 4. General d. N/A a. Lateral Movement e. N/A b. Vertical Alignment f. Slight seepage from weep holes & c. Horizontal Alignment at base of wall below dam on left. d. Condition at Abutments and g. N/A at Structures h. N/A e. Indications of Movement of i. N/A Structural Items f. Trespassing g. Instrumentation Systems a. N/A b. N/A c. N/A d. Seepage in abutment areas associated with dam structure. e. None observed f. N/A g. None

APPENDIX A-2

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM					
DAM: Washington Street DATE: November 8, 1978					
SPI	LLWAY:		_		
CHE	CK LIST	CONDITION			
1.	Approach Channel a. General Condition b. Obstructions c. Log Boom etc.	 a. Good b. Heavy bush growth along left wall, and minor growth on right wall. c. None 	,		
2.	Weir a. Flashboards b. Weir Elev. Control (Gate) c. Vegetation d. Seepage or Efflorescence e. Rust or Stains f. Cracks g. Condition of Joints h. Spalls, Voids or Erosion i. Visible Reinforcement j. General Struct. Condition	a. None b. See Control Facility c. Large build up of growth and debrialong spillway crest. d. Leaks through joints at 18 or more locations along the bottom of the left half of the spillway. e. None observed f. None visible as observed from downstream bridge. g. Condition of joints not observable except where leaks are present. h. None visible as observed from downstream bridge. i. N/A j. Fair	2		
3.	Discharge Channel a. Apron b. Stilling Basin c. Channel Floor d. Vegetation e. Seepage f. Obstructions g. General Struct. Condition	a. Not visible - submerged. b. N/A c. Not visible - submerged. d. None observed e. None visible - Base of discharge channel submerged. f. None observed upstream of bridge. Trees & brush downstream. g. Not observable			
4.	Walls a. Wall Location Upstream of Spillway Left & Right (1) Vegetation (2) Seepage or Efflorescence (3) Rust or Stains (4) Cracks (5) Condition of Joints (6) Spalls, Voids or Erosion (7) Visible Reinforcement (8) General Struct. Condition	 (3) None observed (observed from bridg (4) None observed (observed from bridg (5) Not observable (6) None observed (observed from bridg (7) None observed 	je)		

APPENDIX A-3

DATE: November 8, 1978 DAM: Washington Street SPILLWAY: CONDITION CHECK LIST 4. b. Wall Location Downstream of #. b. Spillway Left. (1) None observed (1) Vegetation (2) Seepage or Efflorescence (2) Slow seepage at two of three weep holes upstream of bridge and bottom of stone masonry joint at upstream end of bridge. Slow seepage at bottom of joint in concrete wall upstream of bridge. Very slow seepage from two or three locations at base of wall downstream of bridgel (3) Rust or Stains (3) Two of three weep holes and bottom of joints show rust and stain. (4) Cracks (4) Upper downstream corner of expansion joint has cracked and fallen off. (5) Condition of Joints (5) Construction joints good. Joint filler in expansion joint has disintegrated. (6) See 4b(4)(6) Spalls, Voids or Erosion (7) Visible Reinforcement (7) None observed (8) General Struct. Condition (8) Good 4. c. Wall Location Downstream of #. c. Spillway Right (1) None observed (1) Vegetation (2) Seepage or Efflorescence (2) None observed through wall. Possible seepage through blocked rectangular outlet at water line close to upstream edge of bridge. There is a 16" sq. ft. + drain halfway up the wall downstream of the bridge. (3) Rust or Stains (3) Stains on concrete of concrete blocked opening in mortared joint stone wall. (4) None observed (4) Cracks (5) Good (5) Condition of Joints (6) Spalls, Voids or Erosion (6) Concrete used to block up existing openings in grouted stone wall shows some minor erosion. (7) Visible Reinforcement (7) Bars exposed on downstream side of opening at water level near bridge. (8) General Struct. Condition (8) Good.

DAM: <u>Washington Street</u>	DATE: <u>November 8, 1978</u>
OUTLET WORKS: Control Facilit	<u>.y</u>
CHECK LIST	CONDITION
l. Control Facility a. Structure	a. Concrete gate structure approx. 6 ft. wide by 8 ft. deep with the top of the structure approx. 5 ft. above the left side of the spillway crest. Concrete badly spalled and eroded on the spillway side at the crest elevation. There is cracking on the downstream face at about the crest elevation.
b. Screensc. Stop Logsd. Gates	 b. None observed c. None d. There is a 3.0 ft. wide by 4.0 ft. high slide gate. Gate leaks around edges and through a pin hole in gate.
e. Conduit f. Seepage or Leaks g. General Struct. Condition	e. None f. See ld. g. The structure is in generally good condition. The slide gate appears to be in poor condition, and should be replaced.

14

APPENDIX B LIST OF AVAILABLE DOCUMENTS AND PRIOR INSPECTION REPORTS

		Page No.
LIST OF AVAILABLE DO	CUMENTS	None
PRIOR INSPECTION REP	ORTS	
<u>Date</u>	Ву	
September 5, 1968 December 5, 1974	Metcalf & Eddy Engineers Mass. Dept. of Public Works w/ Description of Dam	B-1 B-3, 4, 5, 6 B-7, 8, 9

STATLER DUILDING-BOSTON-NASSACHUSETTS OZIO METCALF & EDDY E R C I N E E R S

J - 8941

Mr. John Shaughnessy
Middlesex County Engineer
Court House
East Cambridge, Massachusetts

Dear Mr. Shaughnessy:

In response to the request in your letter of August 20; the writer inspected the dam on the Assabet River (R-6) in Hudson, Massachusetts, which belongs to the Hudson Light and Power Department. The inspection was made on September 4 in the company of Mr. H. Huehmer, Department Manager and Mr. Julian DuBois, an em-

ployee of the Department.

The dam is located about 25 feet upstream from the bridge on State Route 85. The dam is not used for any purpose. The structure is approximately 10 feet high with a vertical downstream face and a sloping upstream face (approximately 3:1). The downstream face is stone block with mortared joints. The upstream face appears to be covered with a concrete apron. The but it possibly consists of stone block. The dam is an overflow type, 67 feet in length. The spillway is 61 feet long. A 6 by 8 foot concrete gate structure is located on the northerly abutment.

A 3 ft. by 4 ft. wooden sluice gate is operated by a machanism. construction of the interior of the dam could not be determined A 3 ft. by 4 ft. wooden sluice gate is operated by a mechanism on the top of the gate structure 5 feet above the 1-ft. wide spill-way crest. Each abutment consists of concrete retaining walls extending up and downstream. The pond level was about at the spillway crest at the time of the inspection.

Water was flowing from approximately 18 holes in the downstream face of the dam. The leaks appeared to be confined to the northerly half of the spillway length and emerged from

DESIGNS . ACVICE CURING CONSTRUCTION . . ACVICE ON OPERATION

Mr. John Shaughn September 5, 1968

2

2 to 3 feet above the base of the dam. The remainder of the exposed portion of the dam appeared to have no appreciable deficiencies.

From our study of the structure we conclude that the leaks should be stopped in order to preserve the stability of the structure. The work would best be undertaken during a period of low stream flow when the pond could be drawn down through the gate and a low coffer-dam placed around the upstream toe. The method of stopping the leaks could be determined when the sources of the leaks were discovered. Repair of the upstream face apron and/or cement grouting of the stone blocks in the dam or the rock foundation might be among the methods employed.

The question was raised by Mr. Huehmer as to whether it would be permissable to place flashboards on the crest of the dam. Flashboards would reduce the discharge capacity of the spillway. Our studies also show that flashboards would throw additional stresses on the dam which could lead to endangering its stability.

We therefore recommend that:

- 1. The leakage in the dam be eliminated.
- 2. No flashboards be installed on the dam.

Very truly yours,

METCALF & EDDY, INC.

Gordon E. Thomas
Project Engineer

GET:jg

DESCRIPTION OF DAIL

C 3121 Dar	to 12/5/74 Dom No. H-9-14/-/ City Town Hadson Mass. Name of Dangers, 54 Dom.
- o	Location Topo Sheet No. $23B$ Provide Sy" x Ak" in clear copy of cope map with Accation of day
2.	Year build: 1864 Year/s of subsequent repairs 1958
3,	Purpose of dam: later Supply Represtional
<u>L</u> .	Brainage Area: II Sq. mi. 3305 Acres.
5.	Normal Ponding Area: 16 th acres Ave Depth 6'th acres ft.
€ 6.	How and type of dwellings accessed adjacent to pend or asservoir its summer homes etc. I Pen mane of business
7,	Dimensions of Dan: Length <u>790 T</u> Max. Maight <u>10'</u> Slopes: Spectrear face Vect. Downstream face Vect. Width across top /'
₿.	Classification: of Dam b y Manarials : Earth
9	6. Description of present land using downstruct of dam: 80 % rure:
	Do Is there a storage more of florid partin down into the defident which could seem to the seem of the

DAM NO. 4-9-141-1

Cill. Risk to Rife and property in event of complete failure.

No. of people
No. of homes
No. of businesses
No. of industries
No. of utilities
Railreads

Other dams Other

11. Attach sketch of dam to this form showing section and plan 83" x 11" sheet

Dam No. 4-9-141-1 Robinsons Gar Handware Gate Front View Not to Scale APPENDIX B-5



APPENDIX B-6

	t THE	PECTION REPORT + DAY	MS AND RESERVOIRS	
25.5	Location: Groy/Town		Dam No. 4-9-141-	· - /
(Hame of Dam Washing		Inspected by: C.Joh	_ 1 . 5
•	Hame of the Statement	Z Lake it is a few trans.	Date of Inspection	1 1 2
(2)	Owners: per:	A e a susagrifi	Prev. Inspectal	
* * * *	Ontion Post		Pers. Contact	
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	Name Name	So. a sc.	Cley for a Soute	fel, No.
	2, Vame	Sov & Ros	Giz // Town - Space	Tal. No.
	_			
	3. Name	St. & No.	City/Town State	Tel. No.
(3)	Caretakor: (if any)	e.m. superintendent	, plant menagar, appoi	inted by
	Mr. HUELMER	Hudson Light D) of four saus	/ <i>-368_973C</i> Lel. No
	·			
$\P(v_0)$	Mo. of Pictures taker	·		
(5)	Degree of Magard: (if dam should fail go	outpletely) :	
	3. Savere		Albartins	
	This rating may cha	age as lard too dir	ngas (turbra derelopms	enti
(6)	Dublet Control: Auto	nantin		
(6:			ma) _ /	
(6)	Opn r	restini 📈 y	and/	
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177	Open Comments Open At	time of insp	and I was a second of the seco	ang ito

	٠.	-2- DAM NC. 4-9-141-1.
	(8)	Downstream Face of Dam: Condition: 1. Good 2. Minor Repairs
		3. Major Repairs 6. Urgant Rep
		Commences: Small Leaks were noted display instaction
(<u>Ş</u> .,	Emergency Spillway: Conlibida. 1. Cool 2. Winor Repairs
		3. Major Repairs 4. Urgent Repairs
		Comments News
۳.	10)	hater Level 2 time of inspection 0.5 ft. above calcu
		top of dam Principal Spillway
		Other
T (£1.5	
1	£L?	Other
1	£L)	Other
3 (11.7	Summary of Deficiencies Noted Growth (Trees and Brush) on Decanisment
1 (ŤF.)	Summary of Deficiencies Noted Growth (Trees and Brush) on Empaniment Animal Burrows and Washouts
1	£1.7	Summary of Deficiencies Noted Growth (Trees and Brush) on Deschiment Animal Burrows and Washouts Damage to slopes or top of dem
1	11.7	Summary of Deficiencies Noted Growth (Trees and Brush) on Empanisment Animal Burrows and Washouts Damage to slopes or top of dem Gracked or damaged dispury
E (77.)	Summary of Deficiencies Noted Growth (Trees and Brush) on Descriment Animal Surrows and Washouts Damage to slopes or top of dem Gracked or damaged dispury Evidence of Sepage
1 (£1.7	Summary of Deficiencies Noted Growth (Trees and Brush) on Decembrane Animal Burrows and Washouts Damage to slopes or top of dem Gracked or damaged Hasonry Evidence of Sepage Evidence of Piping
1 (£1.5	Sugmary of Deficiencies Noted Growth (Trees and Brush) on Deschiment Animal Burrows and Washouts Damage to slopes or top of dem Gracked or damaged dispary Evidence of Sepage Evidence of Piping Eroston
1	ξ 1 ,	Summary of Deficiencies Noted Growth (Trees and Brush) on Dessitment Animal Surrows and Washouts Damage to slopes or top of dem Gracked or damaged disporty Evidence of Sepage Evidence of Piping Broston Leaks /

LIST NO., 4-9-141-1

(12) Romarks & Recommendations: (Fully Explain)

Small Leaks noted on downstream face of dam should be repaired to preserve the stability of the stability.

Brush on east ambankment should be cut

(13)	076	erel	1	Cond	lition	1:

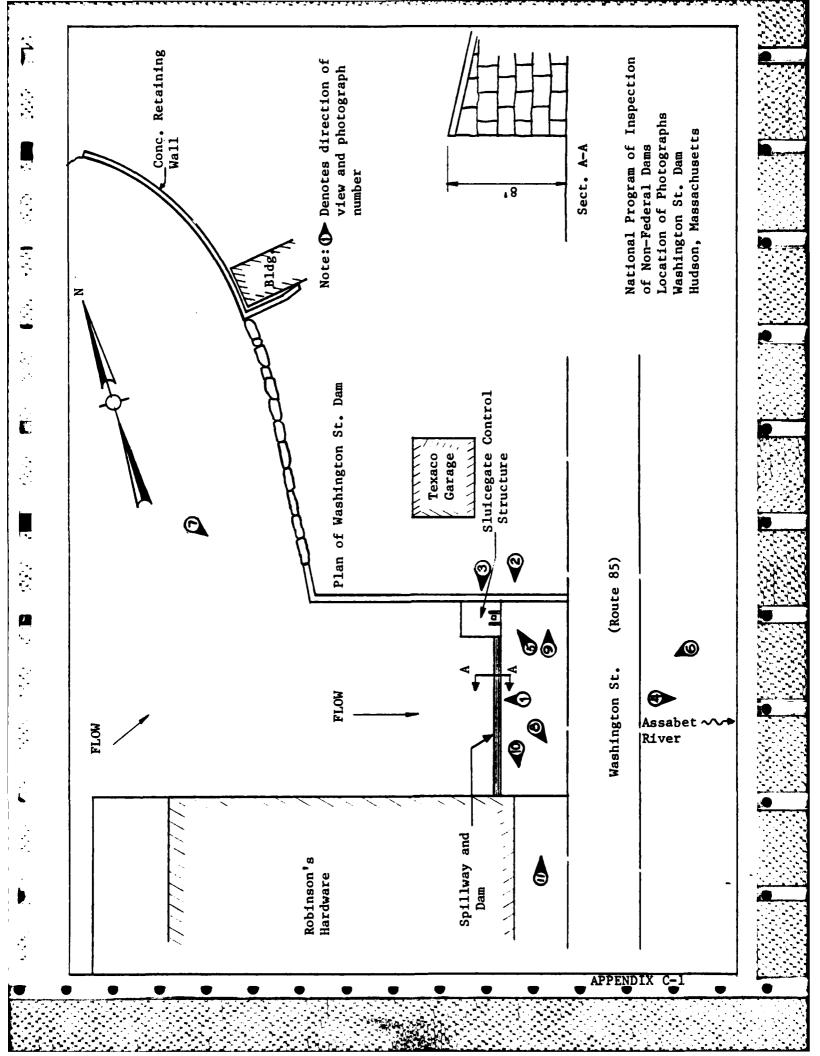
- 1. Safo_____
- 2. Minor repairs needed ______
- 3. Conditionally serie major regains meaded
- l;. Unsafe____
- 5. Recommend impossible to larger with the (organic)
 Recommend removed from interpretation limb

APPENDIX C

SELECTED PHOTOGRAPHS OF PROJECT

LOCATIO	N PLAN	Page No.
Locat	ion of Photographs	C-1
PHOTOGR	APHS	
No.	<u>Title</u>	Page No.
2.	View of Dam and Spillway from Left Abutment.	
	Sluice Gate Operator is in Foreground.	C-2
3.	Sluice Gate Operator	C-2
4.	View of downstream channel from Washington	C-3
	Street Bridge	
5.	View of Left Abutment showing Weep Holes and	
	Control Works Outlet	C-3
6.	View of Downstream Face of Washington Street	
	Bridge. Dam is in Background.	C-4
7.	View towards Crest of Spillway from North Shore	
	of Storage Pool	C-4
8.	View of Upstream Face of Washington Street	
	Bridge from Sluice Gate Control Structure	C-5
9.	View of Left Abutment and Left Side of Spillway	
	from Washington Street Bridge	C-5
10.	View of Right Abutment and Right Side of Spillway	_
	from Washington Street Bridge	C-6
11.	Depression in Sidewalk Adjacent to Washington	
	Street and Downstream Channel Right Wall	C-6

11.

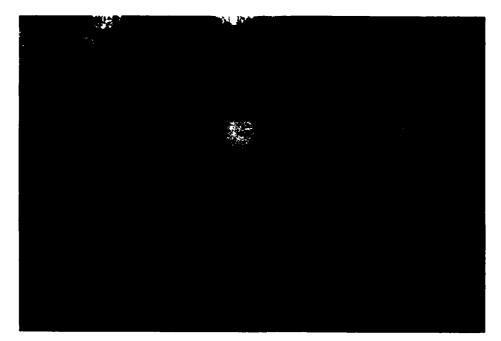




View of dam and spillway from left abutment. Sluice gate operator is in foreground.



3. Sluice gate operator.



4. View of downstream channel from Washington St. Bridge.



5. View of left abutment showing weep holes and control works outlet.



6. View of downstream face of Washington St. Bridge. Dam is in background.



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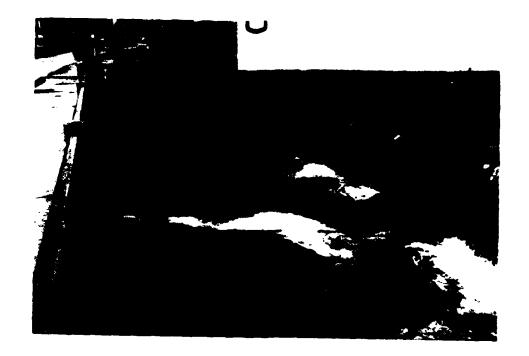


É

3. View of upstream face of Washington St. Bridge from sluice gate control structure.



9. View of left abutment and left side of spillway from Washington St. Bridge.



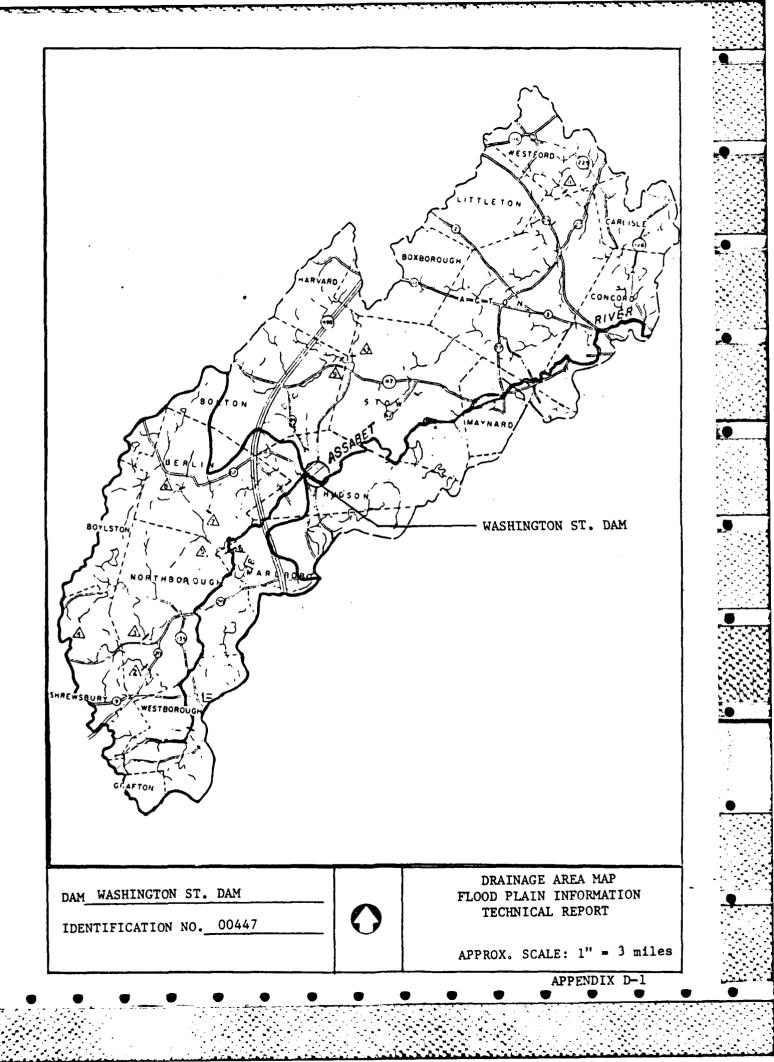
10. View of right abutment and right side of spillway from Washington St. Bridge.



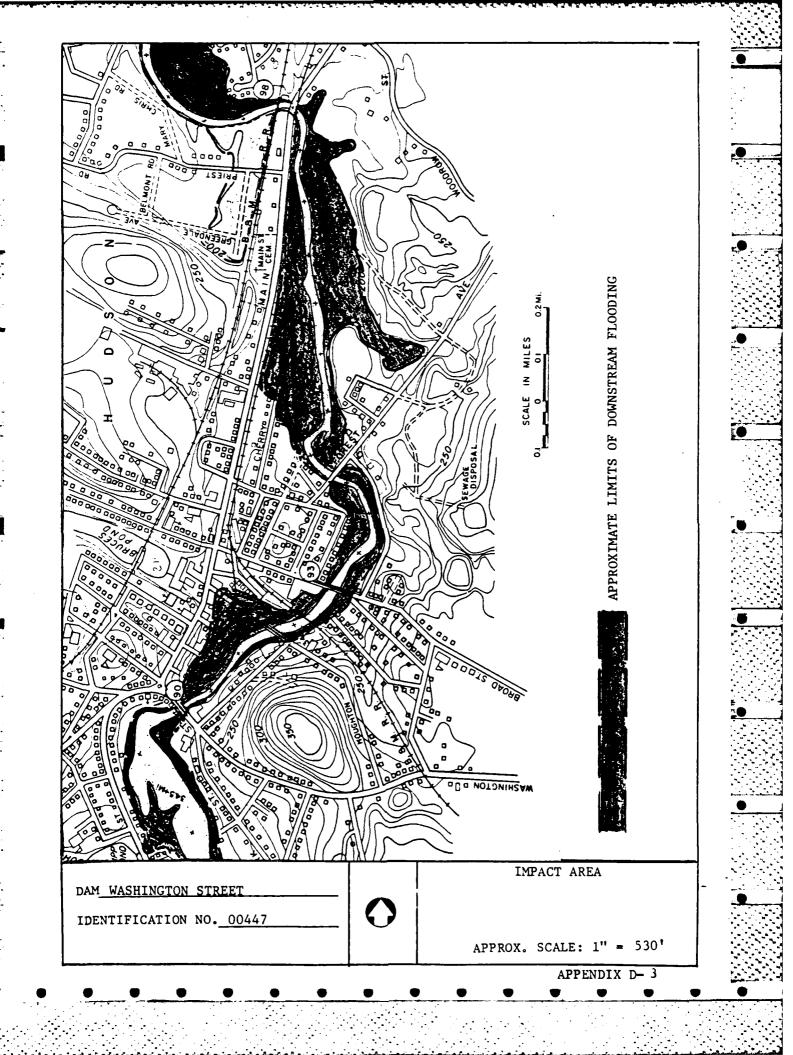
11. Depression in sidewalk adjacent to Washington St. and downstream channel right wall.

OUTLINE OF DRAINAGE AREA AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

COMPUTATIONS	Page No.
Drainage Area Map	D-1
Drainage Area	D-2
Impact Area	D-3
Dam Failure Analysis	D-4
Stage-Discharge Relationships	D - 5
Size Classification, Hazard Potential and Test Flood Determination	D-17
Flood Routing	D-19
Tailwater Analysis	D-20



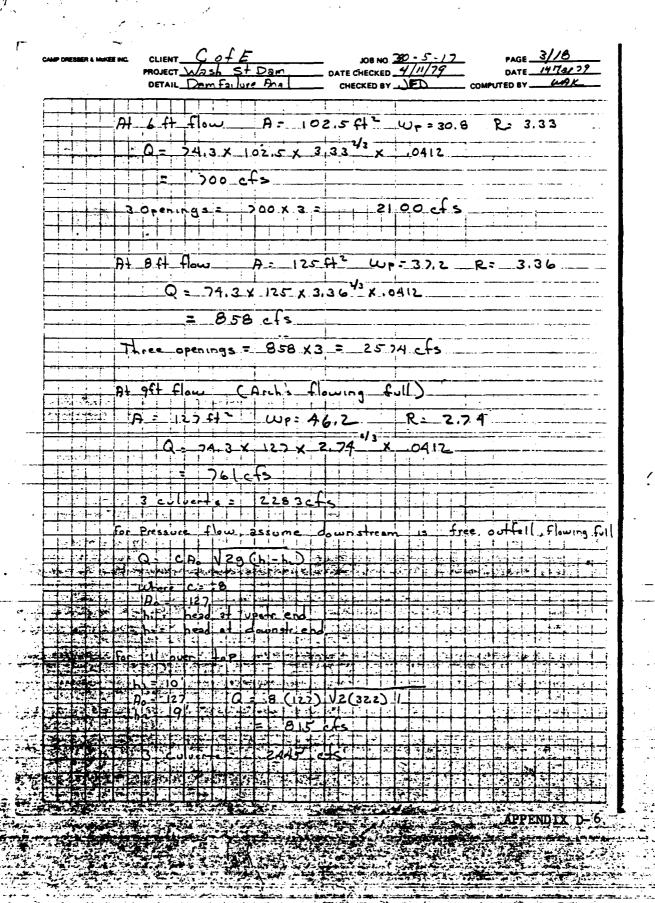
JOB NO. 380-5-17 CAMP DRESSER & MCKEE PROJECT Wash St. Dam DATE CHECKED 14 Mar 29 CHECKED BY WAK DETAIL Drainage Area WASHINGTON ST DAM, ASSABET RIVER DRAINAGE AREA A cres 63.68 mi2 WATER SURFACE AREAS H,0 .0861 mi2 at Elev Zon4 55.01 A EL. 210 210.28A 3286 mi EL. 220 676.77 1.057 m



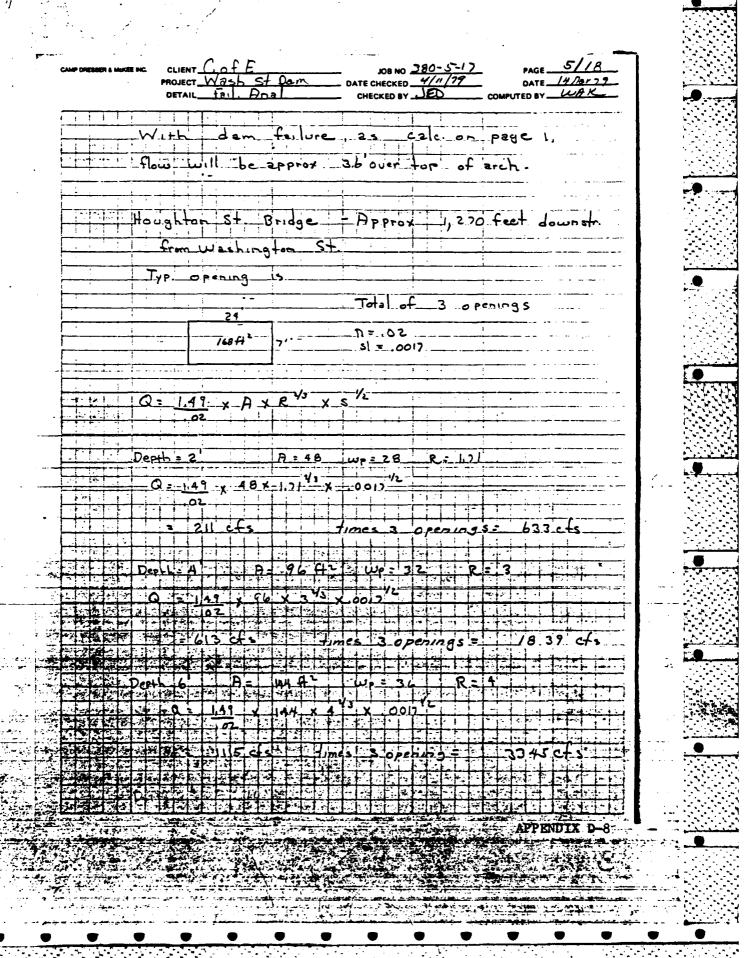
CAMP DRESSER & MAKER INC.	CLIENT_CofE	JOB NO 380-5-17	PAGE 1/18
	PROJECT Wash. St. Dam	JOB NO 380-5-17 DATE CHECKED 4/11/79	DATE 14/7017
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	9 = 32.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
 			
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	Spillway width = 61		
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MF DRESSER & MOKEE ING.	CLIENT COFE	JOB NO 380 PAGE 2/18
	PROJECT Wash, St Dam DATE	CHECKED 4/11/79 DATE 14 173129
	DETAIL Dam Fail Anal CH	ECKED BY JED COMPUTED BY WAK
		
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+2	age- Discharge Ratings	for downstream reaches
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	Grand elen et Haughton	St. Bridge Rivermile 34.03
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	= 194,4 +	C. Same B. S. C. Charles Developed Service Co. Co. Co. Co.
		
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	3/3. Slope = 2.2'	_ =0017
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CAMP OPESSER & MarcEE INC.	CLIENT COFE		JOB NO	380-5-1	<u> </u>	GE 4/18
	PROJECT Wash S		DATE CHECKED	JED	DA	TE <u>14172779</u> BY <u>WAK</u>
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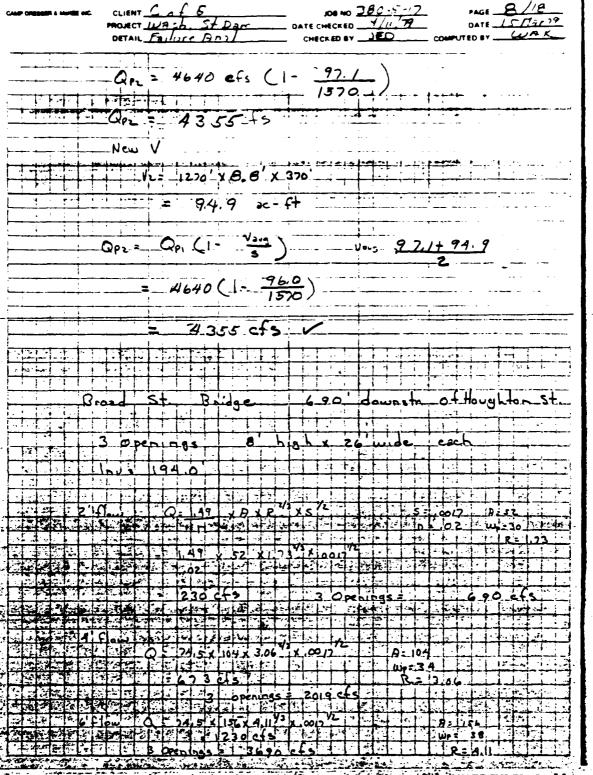
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AMP OMESBER & MOKE	PROJECT Wash St. Dam DATE CHECKED 4/11/79 DATE 15/727 79 DETAIL 731/ Bba CHECKED BY JED COMPUTED BY WAK	
	Depth 7' B=168 ft wp=38 R=4.42	
A TOTAL PROPERTY.	= 13.90 cfs - 1 mes 3 = 4170 cfs	
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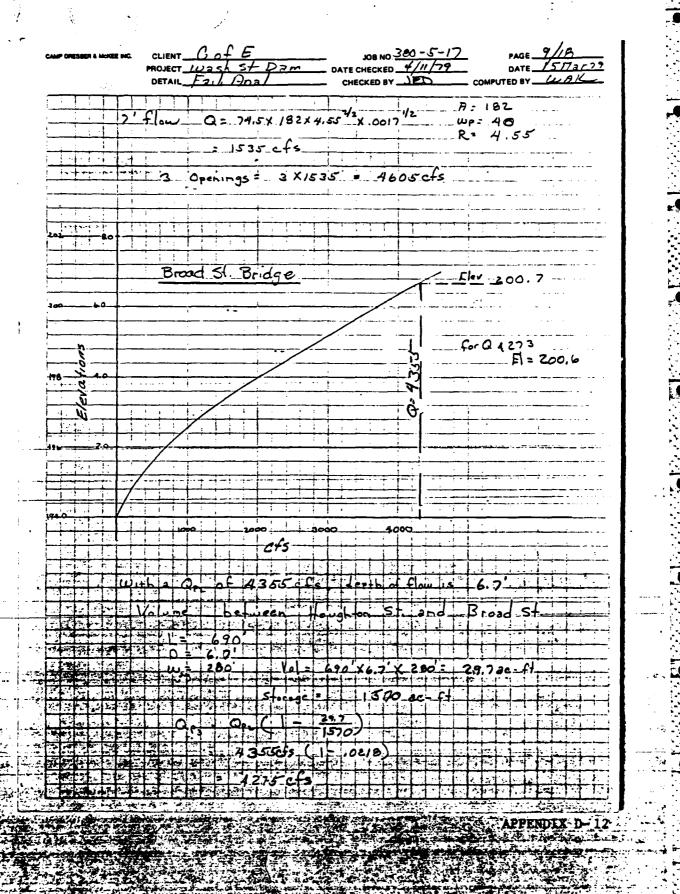
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APPENDIX D-9

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CAMP ORESIDER & MUREE INC.	CLIENT C of E JOB NO 380-5-17 PAGE 7/18 PROJECT Wash St Para DATE CHECKED W/11/79 DATE 15/13/79 DETAIL Fail Anal CHECKED BY JED COMPUTED BY WAK.
	Wash, St. Dam Bond
	storage (ac-17.)
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-215	
	Storage above Surface Alexa
78	Sollway
W. 210	
-205	
	Surface Alrea (Heres)
	Storage above Res.
C <i>。</i>	mpute Qpz
	Qp2 = Qp1 (1= \frac{\frac}{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac}}}}}{\frac{\fir}}}}{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac}\frac{\frac{\fracc}\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{
-	
	S= Storage above reservoir at time of failure.
	VI = Presch X depthoug X widthoug
	= 1270 x 9.0' x 370:43,50= 97.1 2c-ft
	S= Area 205.7 + Pres 212.7 x 7.0' = 55+365 x 7.0 /47020
	Assume Storage belowdamons aug droth 5 x 5520 x13 = 100ac-ft
	Total S = 1570 dc-ft



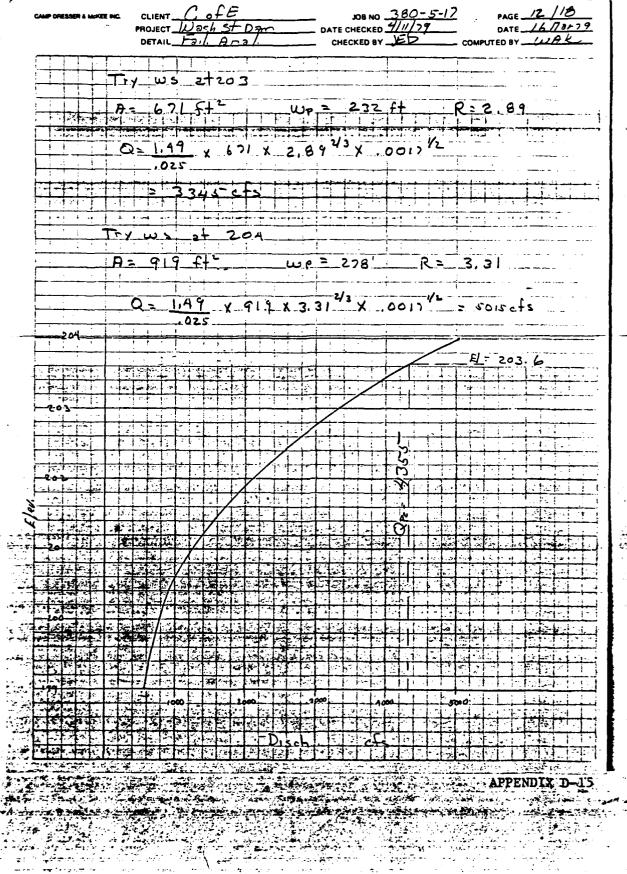


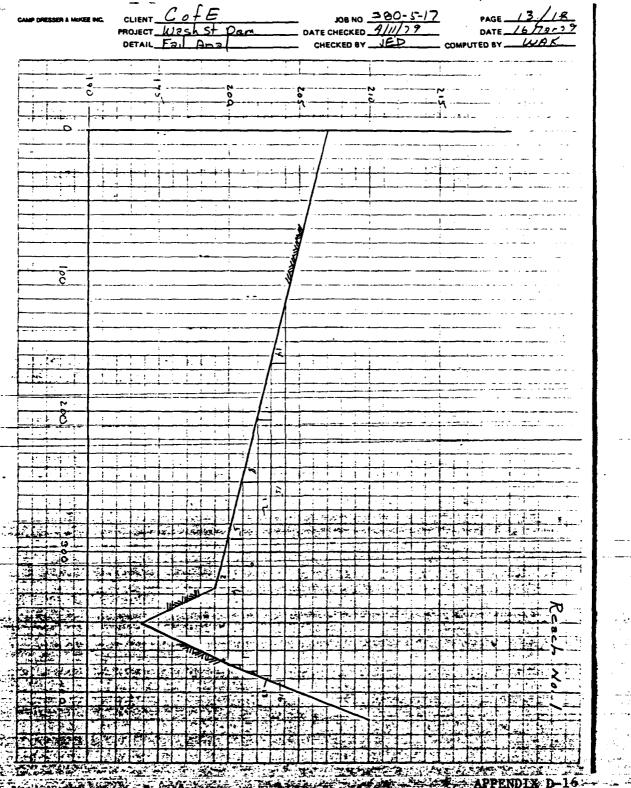
Now Vol. L - 670' D - 6.6 Vol - 600 x 220. 29.3 29.5 20.5	New Vol. L > 670 D = 6.6 Vol. = 600 x (280 - 29.3 27.5 27.3 27.5 27.5 27.5 27.5 27.5 27.5 27.5 27.5	CAMP DRESSER & MOKET INC.	CLIENT Cof E PROJECT Wash ST DETAIL Fall Ana	DATE CHEC	NO 380-5-/) KED 4/11/79 DBY JED CON	PAGE 10 //A DATE 15 178 179 APUTED BY UAK
L > 6 % Vol = 6 % X 280 : 29.3 Vol = 6 % X 280 : 29.3 Vol = 27.7	L = 679' D = 6.6' Vol = 670 K6.6 x 280. 29.3 27.2 29.3			CHECKEL	CON	
1200 as 1200 as 27.5	29.2 29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5					
29.7 29.3 29.5 (1-1570) A 27.5 (1-1570) A 27.5 (1-1570)	29.2 29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5		L = 690	Val = 600 x		29 2
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4273°Cf5	APENDIX D-13	1 100 1000	minimal analysis property and and any or and any or any	Vaug - 29,	7 29.3	29.5
4273°Cf5	APENDIX D-13				Z	
4273°Cf5	APENDIX D-13	1 20 Epo-20-40 pd 20-40-40	- 422 -4-1- A - 1-4-1		29.5	
	APPENDIX D-13		- CP3	4253	1570	
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CAMP DRESSER & MOREE INC.	PROJECT Washington St Dam DETAIL Fail Post	JOB NO 380-5-17 DATE CHECKED 4/11/29 CHECKED BY JED	PAGE	
	ch_No. 1 _ Located m		ington St + Haughton St.	
	US 2+ 199			
1-1-1-1-1-S	<u> </u>			
d=	s' A = 25 w	p=51 R=		
 	= 1.49 x 125 x 2.45	X .0017/2		5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	ws 2+ 200			
	195 ft Wp= 91	R: 2.14		
a	= 1.49 X 195 X 7.14	X.0017		
	= 795 cf3			
সংগ্রেক প্রাথ	= 307 ft2 7 We 2 7	37 FH 1 R =	224	•
	307 x 307 x 2	24 X .0012		
	双西西班牙斯里斯通用设施 的			<u></u>
× 20 20	torie fried and project the feat	2		
	3 1.49 × 460 × 2.5	0 X 00 7 1		•
			APPENDIX D-14	
A CONTRACTOR OF STREET				•
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CAMP ORESSER & MOKEE INC.	CLIENT C A F Z JOB NO 380-5-17 PAGE 14/18 PROJECT W3 - L S + D 9 M DATE CHECKED 4/11/79 DATE 17/72/79 DETAIL SIZE DC CTD: CHECKED BY JED COMPUTED BY WAK
	the dam should foil, some flooding will
	ur downstream. Loss of life is considered ght, with appreciable economic loss. There fore Washington st. dam is classified as
	ignificant with regards to Hazard Potential.
5/2	e Classification
	wheat Eld. 212,7
	ht= 15.0' .'. Small
	Approx 1470 aa-ft
	Mydrologic Explostion will be as follows:
	stand = Significant Size = Intermediate
	st Flood "IZPM F to PMF. Since the storage is just slightly into the
/n	termediate range, use 1/2 PMF.

100 to 100 NO 380-5-17

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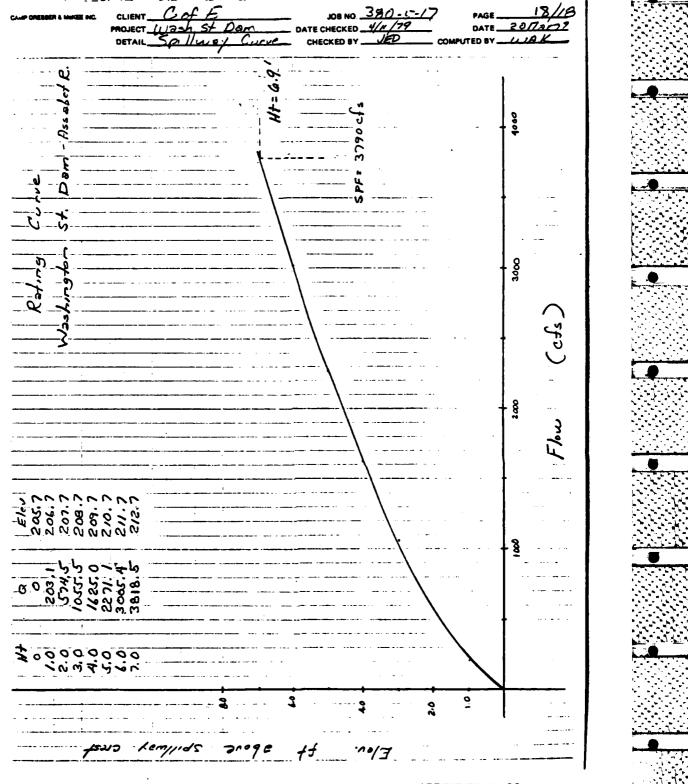
100 NO 380-5-17

100 NO 380-5-17 Test Flood D.A. = 63.7mi less 6,5 mi2 (DA to Assabet Rur Dom) = 37.2 m;2 Assabet River can be classified as a very flat Watercourse with much swamp land. From MPF graph, for a very flat watercourse the peak flow rate would be approximately 145 cfs /mi2 for a peak flow of 8295 cfs. 1/2 MPF is therefore 4147 cfs. 1966 the Corps of Engineers published a Flood Plain Intormation report for the Assalet River The Standard Project Flood (SPI) for this report was determined to have a flow rate of 5320 cts at the Maynard Gage (116 mi2). n a drainage area relationship the SPF APPENDIX D-18

CAMP DRESSER & MOKEE INC.	CLIENT C of E	JOB NO 380-5-17	PAGE 152/18 DATE 2/Mar 29
	PROJECT Wash St Dam C	CHECKED BY JED COM	PUTED BY WAK
:			
Ef;	fect of Routing 1/2 PI	TF through Pond	d upstream
of	dam		
	2p1 = 4147 cfs. at	Elev 212,9 ±	
	Storage above spil		÷+
			
D.	A. = 57.2mi (63.7m)	2 less 6.5m; 2 to	_upst.dam_)
	= 36,608 ac		
:	1566 ageft = 04	u CL = 40" PA	- STAR /
	1566 ac-ft09	7 PT 7 B K. U	
	sroe,	(14)	
i	QPL = Qp. (1 - sroe.) =		
	= 3940 cfs	at elev 213.5	
	5torage = 15,	10 ac-ft	
	1510 = .64ff 36,608	= .18" R.O.	
	3 6, 608		
	Qps = 3940 cfs	<u> </u>	
			:
	+		
		on and the second secon	
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OREGINAL CLIENT COLE JOB NO 380-5-17 PAGE 16 //B PROJECT 11:00 5 51 Darr. DATE CHECKED 4/11/79 DATE 19/12/29 DETAIL Tour Fland CHECKED BY JED COMPUTED BY LUBY
Q = 1.296 x 45.9 = 59.5 cfs/mi Total Flow = 3790 cfs = SPF Corps of Engineers Report
According to published data,
SPF ≈ 1/2 MPF.
For the purposes of this investigation, the test flood will be 3790 cfs, as determined
by Corps of Engineers. This flow will be theoutflow from the dam.
:: TEST FLOOD = 3790 cfs
the w.s. upstream of the bridge, but downstream
of the dam would approach Eler. 208.0 msl

CHAR PROTECTO & MAKEE ON	CLIENT C a f E		380-5-17	17/19
Control of the same of		DATE CHECKED.	4/11/79	PAGE
	DETAIL Spillury Dim.	CHECKED BY	COM	PUTED BY UAK
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APPENDIX D-22

APPENDIX E INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

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